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## Astragalus humillimus Gray ex. Brand. Mancos Milkvetch

Family: Fabaceae Synonyms: Tragacantha humillima (Gray) O.Kze, Phaca humillima (Gray) Rydb.

**NESL Status:** G2 **Federal Status:** Listed Endangered (50 FR 26568 26572)

**Plant Description:** Small, clump or mat forming perennial plants with **persistent spiny leaf stalks**. Stems up to 1 cm long. Leaves up to 4 cm long, with 7-11 oval leaflets, 0.7-2.0 mm long. Flowers lavender to purplish with a conspicuous lighter colored spot in the throat of the corolla tube. Banner 7-10mm long, keel and banner petal 6-8 mm in length. Fruits ellipsoid, ca. 4.5 mm long and 2 mm wide. Flowers from mid April to early May.

<u>Similar species:</u> Astragalus micromerius Barneby does not have persistent spiny leaf stalks.

<u>Habitat:</u> Forms highly localized populations from 4-20 acres in size. It is typically found on large, nearly flat sheets of exfoliating whitish-tan colored sandstone, in small depressions and sand filled cracks on or near ledges and mesa tops in slickrock communities of Point Lookout & Cliffhouse Sandstone.

**General Distribution:** Known only from the Four Corners area of New Mexico, San Juan County, and adjacent Montezuma County, Colorado.

<u>Navajo Nation Distribution:</u> San Juan County, NM, Palmer Mesa east to the Hogback area and south of the San Juan River, to a hogback east of Little Water.

<u>Potential Navajo Nation Distribution:</u> Four Corners area, all slickrock formations of Point Lookout & Cliffhouse Sandstone, and possibly other related members.

<u>Survey Period</u>: Best during the flowering period from mid April to early May, but can be identified most of the year by an experienced individual. Suitable habitat can be identified year round.

**Avoidance:** A 200 ft buffer zone is recommended to avoid disturbance; may be more or less depending on size and nature of the project.

## **References:**

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Astragalus humillimus

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Astragalus humillimus habitat

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